

## College of Engineering & Technology

Department: Mechanical Engineering Marks: 15

Time:  $11.00 - 12.\overline{00}$ 

15

30kN

Date: 25/11/2015

Lecturer: Dr. Rola Afify Course Code: ME356

Name:

Model Answer

R.N.:

## Answer the following questions: (one mark for good drawings) Question one (7 marks)

Four bolts are used to secure the bracket, shown in figure, to the wall. If the bolts are made of steel having Sy = 420 MPa, determine their size using a factor of safety of 2.

$$f.s.=2$$

SOIL

$$30 * 10 * 300 = 2F * 300$$

$$4.5 * 10^4 = 3F_1 + F_2 \longrightarrow 0$$

$$300 = l_1$$

$$100$$

$$1 = 300$$

$$1 = 300$$

$$\frac{F_1}{\ell_1} = \frac{F_2}{\ell_2}$$

$$\frac{F_1}{l_1} = \frac{12}{l_2}$$

$$F_2 = F_1 * \frac{l_2}{l_1} = \frac{100}{300} F_1 = \frac{F_1}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{r_2}{sub. in 0}}$$

$$64 = \frac{F_1}{A} = \frac{13500}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.85d)^2} = \frac{23790.7}{d^2}$$

$$\frac{23+90.7}{d^2}$$

$$Z = \frac{F}{nA} = \frac{30 * 10^3}{4 * \frac{\pi}{4} (0.85d)^2} = \frac{13217.02}{d^2}$$

$$=\frac{13217.02}{0^2}$$

$$6_{\text{max}}^{\prime} = \frac{6\xi}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{6\xi}{2}\right)^2 + \zeta^2} \leq \frac{5y}{f.s.}$$

$$\leq \frac{Sy}{f.s.}$$

$$=\frac{23790.7}{2d^2}+\sqrt{\left(\frac{23790.7}{2d^2}\right)^2+\left(\frac{13217.02}{d^2}\right)^2}$$

$$6_{\text{max}}' = \frac{29677.05}{d^2} = \frac{420}{2}$$

$$\therefore d = 11.888 \quad mm$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{6'}{2}\right)^2 + 7^2} < \frac{0.5 \text{ Sy}}{f.s.}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{23790.64}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{13217.02}{d^2}\right)^2} = \frac{0.5 \text{ Sy}}{f.s.}$$

$$= \frac{17781.7}{d^2} = \frac{0.5 + 420}{2}$$

$$\therefore d = 13.013 \quad mm$$
we will choose the higher diameter

d = 13.013

## Question two (7 marks)

A bracket is supported by means of 4 bolts of the same size. Determine the diameter of the bolts if the maximum shear stress is 140 MPa.

soln

$$V_1 = 45 \text{ mm} = V_4$$
  
 $V_2 = 15 \text{ mm} = V_3$ 

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 = \theta_3 = \theta_4 = 90^\circ$$

$$F' = \frac{F}{n} = \frac{20 \times 10}{4} = 5 \times 10^{3} \text{ Newton}$$

$$F' = \frac{F}{n} = \frac{20 \times 10}{4} = 5 \times 10^{3} \text{ Newton}$$

$$F_{1} = \frac{T \text{ Newton}}{V_{1}^{2} + V_{2}^{2} + V_{3}^{2} + V_{4}^{2}}$$

$$F_{2} = \frac{T \text{ Newton}}{V_{1}^{2} + V_{2}^{2} + V_{3}^{2} + V_{4}^{2}}$$
All dimensions in mm.

$$F_1 = \frac{Tr_1}{r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_4^2}$$

$$= \frac{20 \times 10^{3} \times 80 \times 45}{2(45)^{2} + 2(15)^{2}} = 16000 \text{ Newton}$$

$$F_{s} = \sqrt{F^{12} + F_{1}^{2} - 2F_{1}F^{2}G_{0}S_{0}}$$

$$= \sqrt{(5000)^{2} + (16000)^{2} - 2 \times 16000 \times 5000 \times G_{0}S_{0}}$$

$$= 16763.055 \text{ Newton}$$

$$\frac{T}{A} = \frac{F_s}{A}$$

$$\frac{140 = \frac{16763.055}{4}(0.85 \text{ d})^2}{4}$$

20 kN