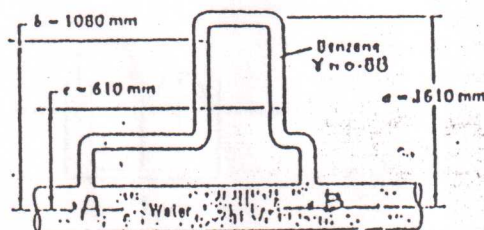
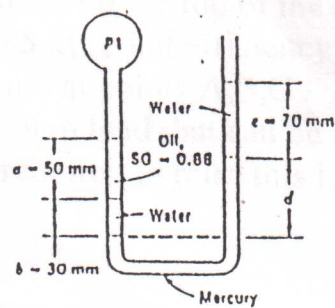


Sheet # 2: FLUID STATICS

- 1- Sketch the relation between gauge , absolute and atmospheric pressure . show on the sketch what is meant by vacuum.
- 2- What is the minimum permissible head in a hydraulic circuit using a liquid of specific gravity 0.85 and vapor pressure 6.2 KN/m^2 at the working temp.
- 3- A diver is working at a depth of 18 m below the sea surface . Determine the pressure in N/m^2 at this depth if the specific weight of the sea water is 10000 N/m^3 .
- 4- At what depth of oil , sp.gr. 0.8 the pressure is 3 bar . What is the equivalent depth of water that would produce the same pressure .
- 5- Convert a pressure head of 15 m of water to meters of carbon tetra chloride of sp.gr. is 1.6 .
- 6- Convert a pressure head of 70 cm mercury to meters of oil of sp.gr. 0.8
- 7- A mercury U-tube manometer is used to measure the pressure of water in a pipe , the water being in contact with mercury in the left hand limb . If the mercury is 30 cm below (A) in the left hand limb and 20 cm above (A) in the right hand limb . What is the gauge pressure at (A) ?
- 8- Consider a manometer connected as shown . Calculate the pressure difference between A and B .



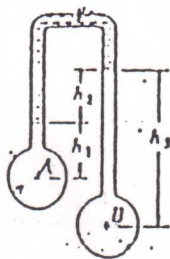
The manometer shown contains three liquids. When $P_1 = 10 \text{ kPa}$, determine the deflection distance d .



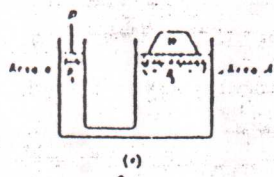
10 - In the shown figure, the liquid at A and B is water and the manometer liquid is oil with $\text{sp.gr} = 0.8$, $h_1 = 300 \text{ mm}$, $h_2 = 200 \text{ mm}$, $h_3 = 600 \text{ mm}$

a) Determine $P_A - P_B$

b) If $P_B = 50 \text{ kPa}$ and the barometer reading is 730 mmHg , find the absolute pressure at A in meters of water.



11 - A force of 850 N is applied to the smaller cylinder of a hydraulic jack. The area (a) of the small piston is 15 cm^2 and the area (A) of the larger piston is 150 cm^2 . What load (W) can be lifted on the larger piston if the pistons are in the same level.



12 - In a hydraulic jack, a force (F) is applied to the small piston to lift the load on the large piston. If the diameter of the small piston is 15 mm and that of the large piston is 180 mm , calculate the value of (F) required to lift 1000 kg .

- 3 - A motor operated hydraulic press has a small piston area 10 cm^2 , and large piston ram area of 500 cm^2 . If the force applied on the top of the small piston is 100 N , motor power equals 0.5 kw , and efficiency of the press is 0.8 . Determine :
- The pressure at points A, B, C.
 - The maximum load that can be raised.
 - The time required to raise this loads a distance of 2 m .

