

	Alexandria Higher Institute of Engineering & Technology (AIET)		
	Industrial Department		First Year
	ME142	Design of Machine elements	Final, June, 12, 2014
	Examiners:	Dr. Rola Afify and Prof. Ahmed Elaskary	Time: 3 hour

Answer the following questions:

Question one (10 marks)

The bracket as shown in Fig.1 is to carry a load of 45 kN. Determine the diameter of the rivet if the shear stress is not to exceed 40 MPa. Assume all rivets of the same size.

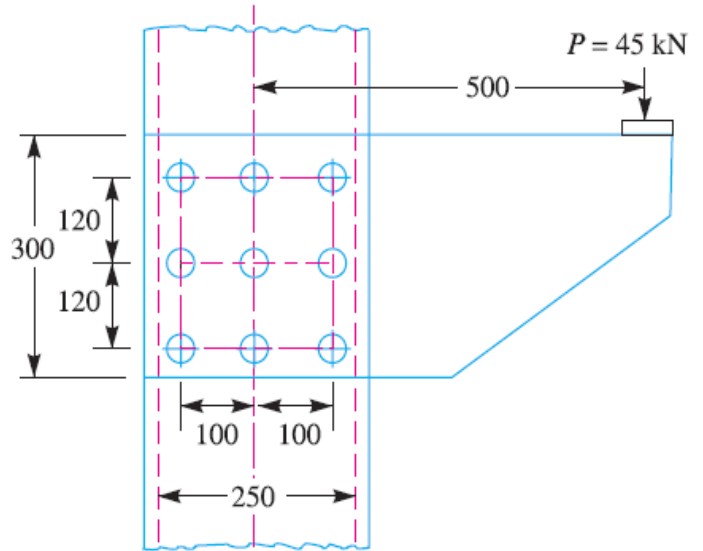


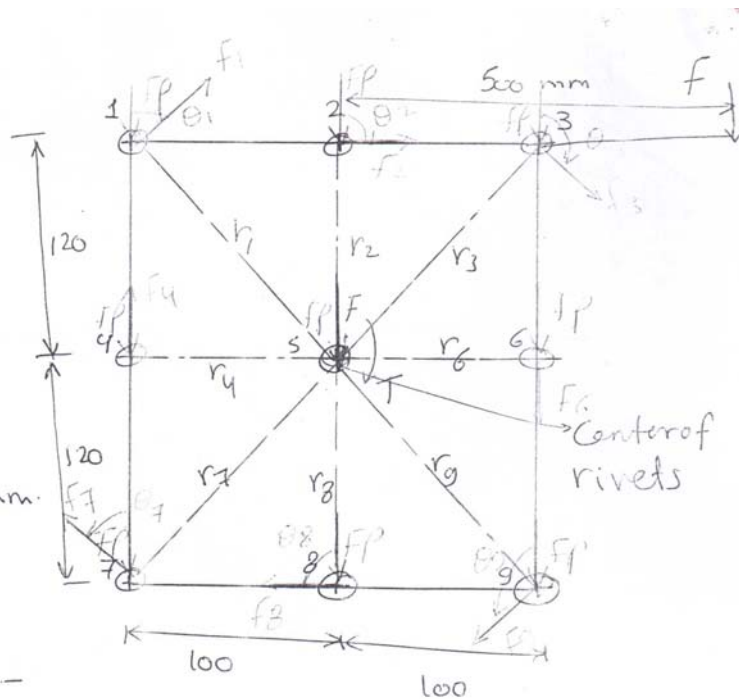
Fig. 1

① $F = 45 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

$\tau_{\text{all}} = 40 \text{ MPa}$

Req $d??$

② $T = F \times \text{distance}$
 $= 45 \times 10^3 (500)$
 $= 22.5 \times 10^6 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm}$



③ (a) primary shear :-

$F_p = \frac{F}{9} = \frac{45 \times 10^3}{9} = 5000 \text{ N}$

(b) secondary shear :-

$$f_m = \frac{T \times r_m}{\sum_{i=1}^n r_i}$$

$$\rightarrow r_2 = r_8 = 120 \text{ mm}$$

$$\rightarrow r_4 = r_6 = 100 \text{ mm}$$

$$\rightarrow r_1 = r_3 = r_7 = r_9 = \sqrt{(120)^2 + (100)^2} = 156.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_1^2 = r_3^2 = r_7^2 = r_9^2 = 24400 \text{ mm}^2$$

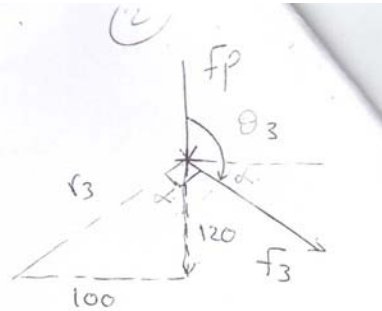
$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{r_5}{r_1} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{100}{156.2}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{100}{120}$$

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} \frac{100}{120} = 39.8^\circ$$

$$\theta = 90 + \alpha = 129.8^\circ$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.64$$



$$F_3 = \frac{T \times r_3}{r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_3^2 + r_4^2 + r_5^2 + r_6^2 + r_7^2 + r_8^2 + r_9^2}$$

$$F_3 = \frac{22.6 \times 10^6 + 156.2}{146393.76} = 24113.87 \text{ N}$$

3)

$$F_5 = \sqrt{(F_3)^2 + (F_p)^2 - 2 F_3 F_p \cos \theta_3}$$

$$= \sqrt{(24113.87)^2 + (5000)^2 - 2 \times 5000 \times 24113.87 \times \cos \theta_3}$$

$$F_5 = 21263.817 \text{ N}$$

4)

$$\Sigma = \frac{F_5}{A} \leq \tau_{all}$$

$$\frac{21263.817}{A} \leq 40$$

A

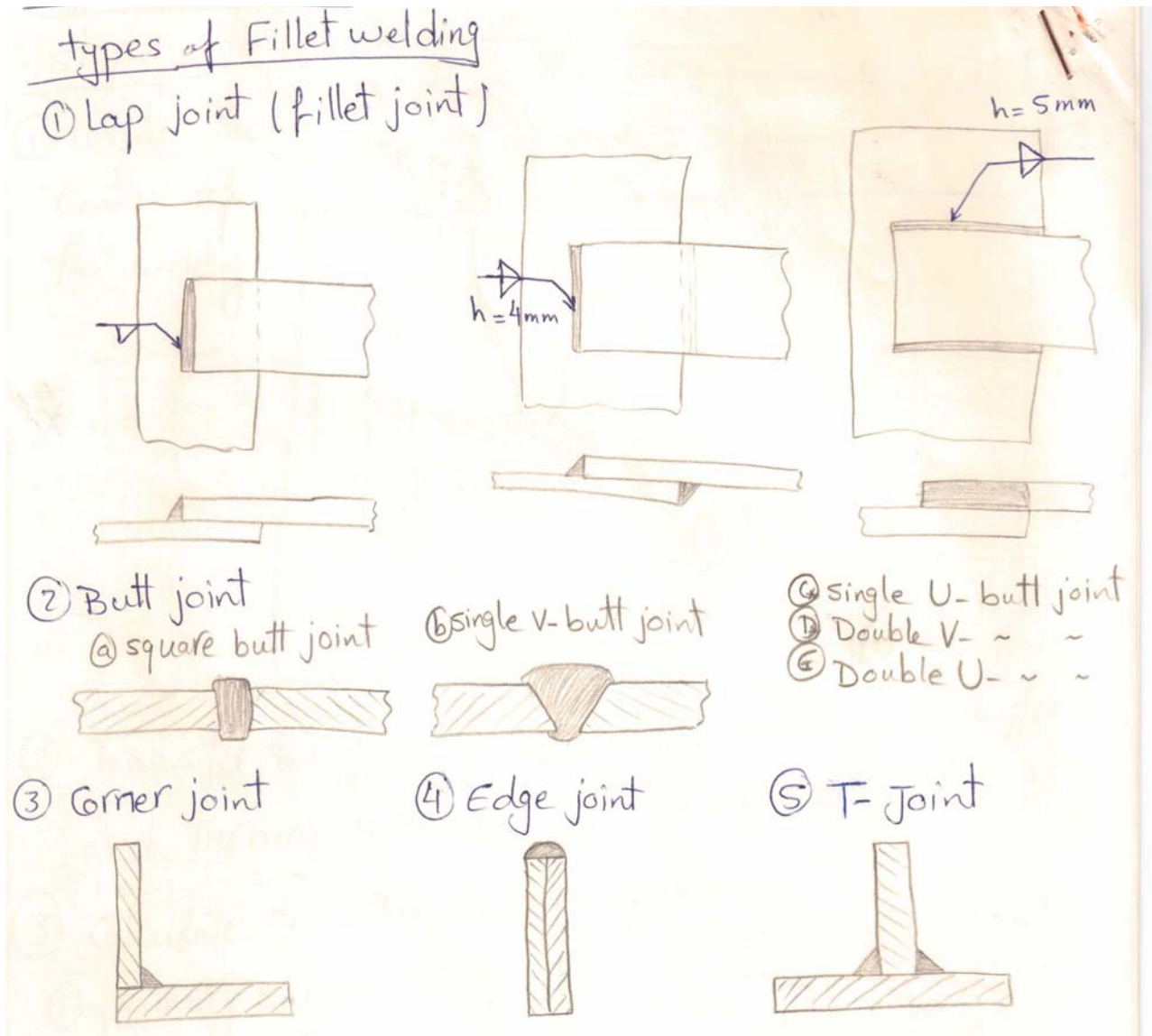
$$A \geq 531.6 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} d^2 \geq 531.6 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$d \geq 26.0229 \rightarrow d = 27 \text{ mm}$$

Question two (10 marks)

a) Name and sketch types of fillet welding.



- b) A bracket, shown in Fig.2, is to carry a load of 10 kN. Find the size of the weld if the allowable shear stress is not to exceed 80 MPa.

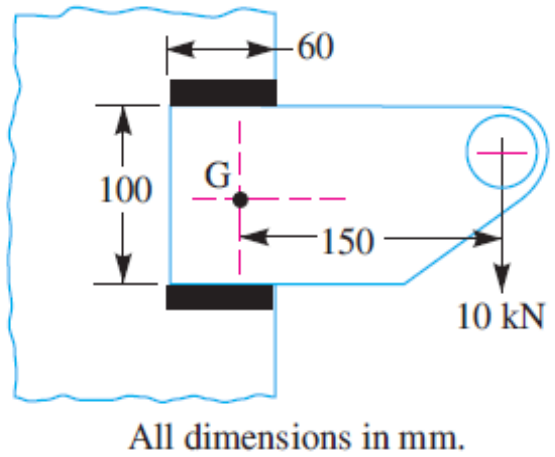
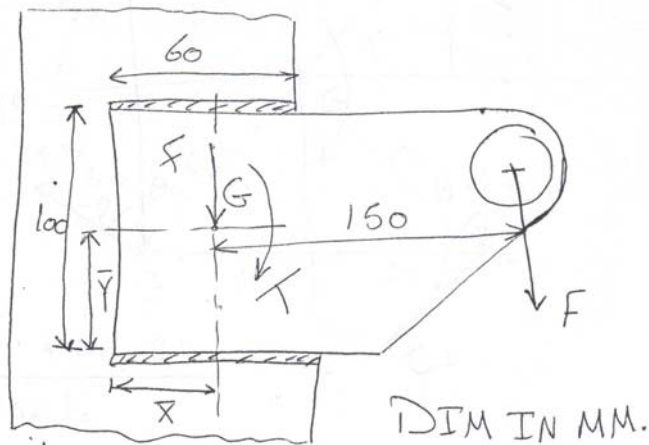


Fig. 2

① $F = 10 \text{ kN}$
 $\tau_{\text{all}} = 80 \text{ MPa}$
 $h ??$

① $\bar{X} = \frac{60}{2} = 30 \text{ mm}$
 $\bar{Y} = \frac{100}{2} = 50 \text{ mm}$



② $T = F \times 150 = 1.5 \times 10^6 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm}$

$d = 60 \text{ mm}$
 $b = 100 \text{ mm}$

③ $\tau_p = \frac{F}{A}$

from Table $\rightarrow A = 1.414 \cdot h \cdot d$
 $= 84.84 h \text{ mm}^2$

$\tau_p = \frac{10000}{84.84 h} = \frac{117.87}{h} \rightarrow \text{①}$

$\tau_s = \frac{T r}{J} \quad \tau_{\text{u}} = \frac{d(3b^2 + d^2)}{6} = 336000 \text{ mm}$

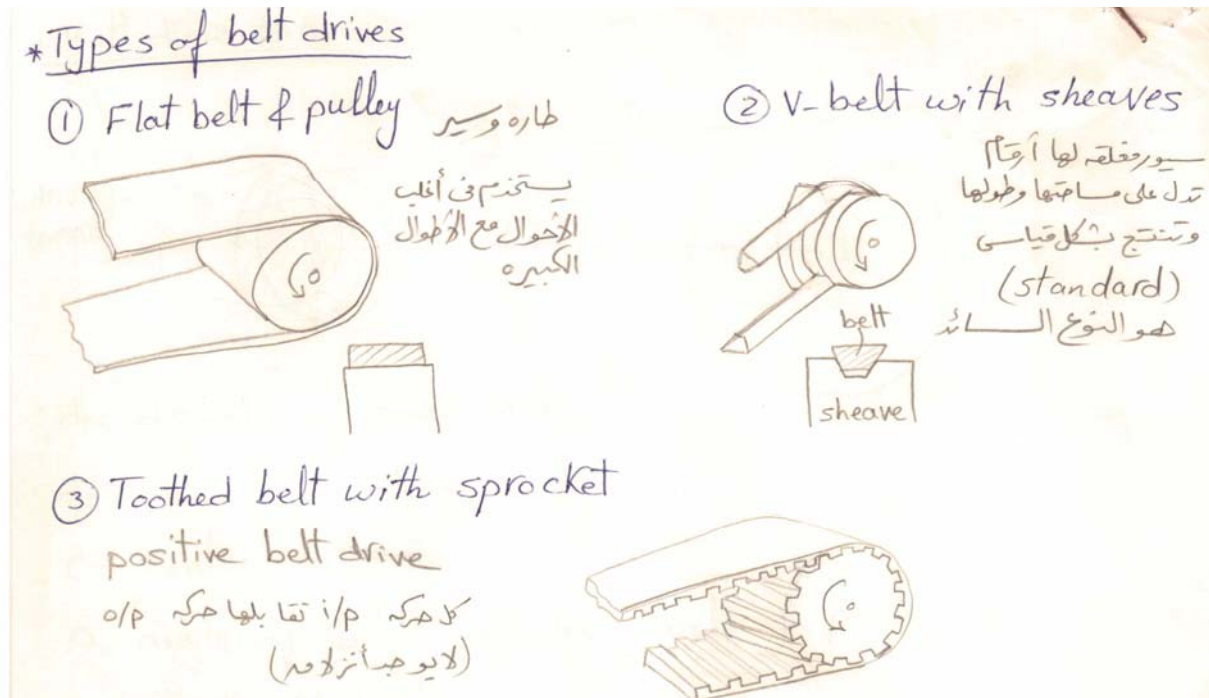
$J = 0.707 h \quad J_{\text{u}} = 0.707 h (336000)$

$J = 237552 h \text{ mm}^4$

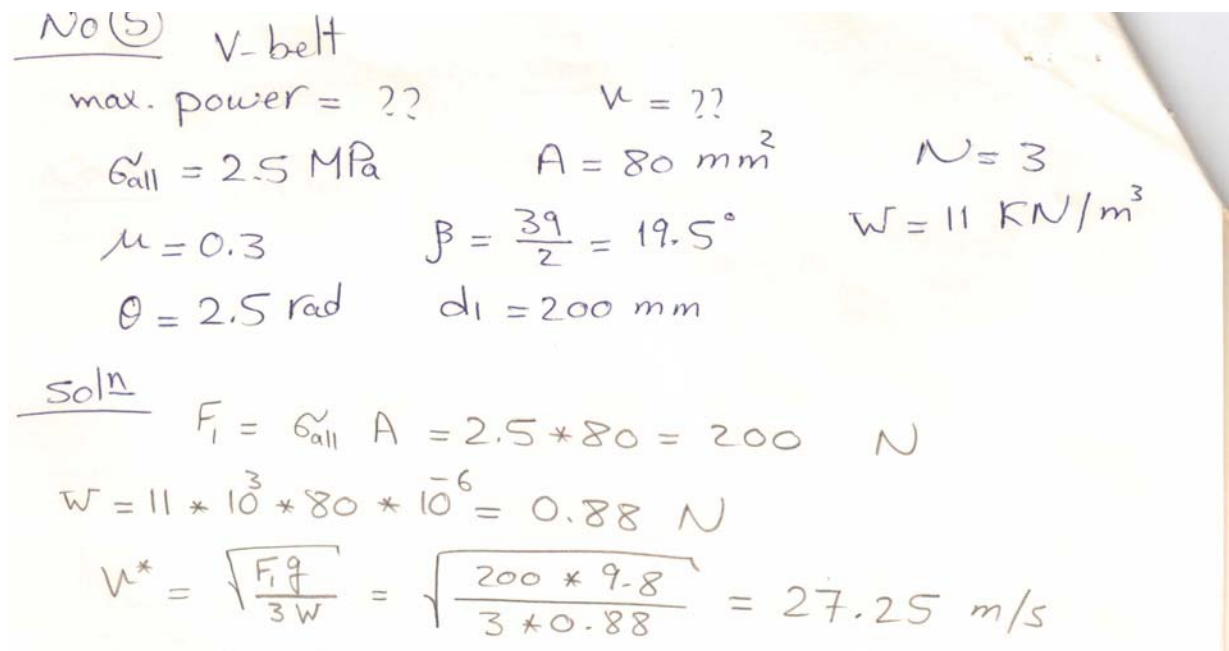
$r_1 = r_2 = r_3 = r_{\text{u}} = \sqrt{50^2 + 30^2} = 58.31 \text{ mm}$

Question three (10 marks)

a) Name and sketch types of belt drives.



b) Find the maximum power and its corresponding belt speed that can be transmitted through a V-belt drive. The drive specifications are: $\sigma_{all} = 2.5 \text{ MPa}$, Belt cross-section area = 80 mm^2 , three belts are used, $\mu = 0.3$, $2\beta = 38^\circ$, Belt weight 11 kN/m^3 , Minimum angle of contact = 2.5 rad , and motor sheave diameter is 200 mm .



$$F_c = \frac{W}{g} v^*{}^2 = \frac{0.88}{9.8} * (27.25)^2 = 66.6 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{F_1 - F_c}{F_2 - F_c} = e^{\mu \theta} = e^{\frac{\mu}{\sin \beta} \theta} = e^{\frac{0.3}{\sin 19.5} * 2.5} = 2.25$$

$$F_2 = F_c + \frac{F_1 - F_c}{e^{\mu \theta}} = 66.6 + \frac{200 - 66.6}{2.25} = 125.97 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{max. power} = (F_1 - F_2) v^* * N$$

$$= (200 - 125.97) * 27.25 * 3$$

$$= 6051.698 \text{ watt}$$

$$= 6 \text{ KW}$$