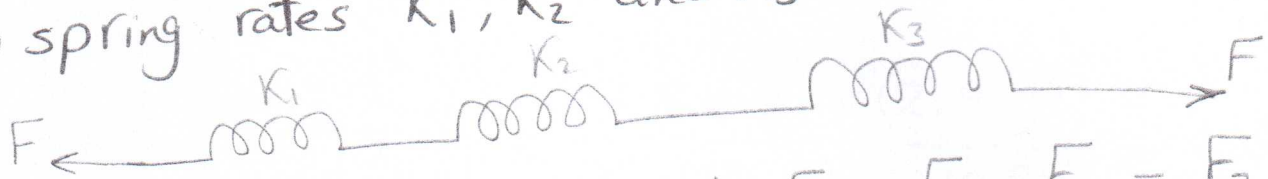


Expression for the resultant spring rate K
 @ spring rates K_1 , K_2 and K_3 Connected in series



$$\delta = \delta_1 + \delta_2 + \delta_3 \quad \& \quad F = F_1 = F_2 = F_3 \quad \& \quad F = K$$

$$\frac{F}{K_{eq}} = \frac{F_1}{K_1} + \frac{F_2}{K_2} + \frac{F_3}{K_3}$$

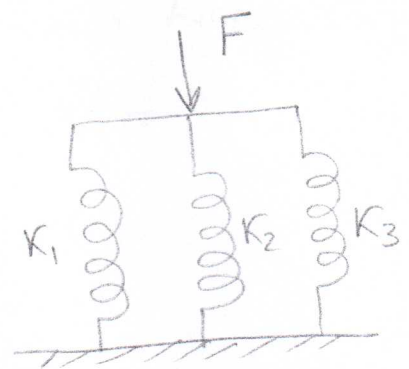
$$\boxed{\frac{1}{K_{eq}} = \frac{1}{K_1} + \frac{1}{K_2} + \frac{1}{K_3}}$$

(b) Connected in parallel

$$\delta = \delta_1 = \delta_2 = \delta_3$$

$$F = F_1 + F_2 + F_3$$

$$K_{eq} \delta = K_1 \delta_1 + K_2 \delta_2 + K_3 \delta_3$$



$$\boxed{K_{eq} = K_1 + K_2 + K_3}$$

No ②

Compression spring

$d = 3 \text{ mm}$

$N = 10 \text{ Coils}$

$D = 25 \text{ mm}$

$d \quad 2.95 \longrightarrow 3.05 \text{ mm}$

$D \quad 24.5 \longrightarrow 25.5 \text{ mm}$

$N \quad 9.75 \longrightarrow 10.25 \text{ Coil}$

$G \quad 78 \longrightarrow 82 \text{ GPa}$

Find the spring rate when

(a) all the variables tend to give the weakest spring

$$K = \frac{F}{\delta} = F * \frac{G d^4}{8 F D^3 N} = \frac{G d^4}{8 D^3 N}$$

$$K_{min} = \frac{G_{min} d_{min}^4}{8 D_{max}^3 N_{max}} = \frac{78 * 10^3 * (2.95)^4}{8 * (25.5)^3 * 10.25} = 4.34 \frac{N}{mm}$$

(b) the stiffest spring

$$K_{max} = \frac{G_{max} d_{max}^4}{8 D_{min}^3 N_{min}} = \frac{82 * 10^3 * (3.05)^4}{8 * (24.5)^3 * 9.75} = 6.186 \frac{N}{mm}$$

No (3)

helical spring

$$F = 665 N \quad \delta = (\delta_{max} - 10) mm$$

$$d = 6 mm \quad C = 6$$

δ_{max} highly compressed

$$\text{static load} \quad \tau_{max} = 410 MPa$$

$$N = ?? \quad G = 80 GPa$$

$$C = \frac{D}{d} \quad \therefore D = C d = 6 * 6 = 36 mm$$

$$\tau_{max} = K \frac{8 F_{max} D}{\pi d^3}$$

$$410 = 1.2525 * \frac{8 F_{max} * 36}{\pi * 6^3}$$

$$\therefore F_{max} = 771.3 \text{ Newton}$$

$$K = \frac{4C-1}{4C-4} + \frac{0.615}{C}$$

$$= \frac{4*6-1}{4*6-4} + \frac{0.615}{6}$$

$$= 1.2525$$

$$\delta_{max} = \frac{8 F_{max} D^3 N}{G d^4} = \frac{8 * 771.3 * (36)^3 N}{80 * 10^3 * 6^4} = 2.77 N$$

$$\delta = \delta_{max} - 10 = \frac{8 F D^3 N}{G d^4}$$

$$\frac{8 * 665 * 36^3 N}{80 * 10^3 * 6^4} = 2.77 N - 10$$

$$10 = 2.77 N - 2.394 N = 0.376 N$$

$$N = 26.6$$

$$\approx 27$$

Coils

No (4)

two concentric helical compression springs $F = 450$

outer spring ①

$$D_o = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$d = 40 \text{ mm}$$

$$N = 5.5 \text{ Gils} - 2$$

$$= 3.5 \text{ Gils}$$

$$l_{\text{free}} = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta = 30 \text{ mm}$$

inner spring ②

$$D_o = 115 \text{ mm}$$

$$d = 25 \text{ mm}$$

$$N = 7 \text{ Gils} - 2$$

$$= 5 \text{ Gils}$$

$$l_{\text{free}} = 190 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$l = 170 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta = l_{\text{free}} - l$$

① Determine F_1 & F_2

outer

$$\delta_1 = 30 = \frac{8 F_1 D_o^3 N}{G d^4} \rightarrow \text{①}$$

$$D = D_o - d = 200 - 40 = 160 \text{ mm}$$

sub. in ①

$$30 = \frac{8 F_1 (160)^3 \cdot 3.5}{G (40)^4}$$

$$\therefore F_1 = 0.67 G_1 \rightarrow \text{②}$$

inner

assume same material springs $G_{11} = G_{12} = G_1$

$$D = D_o - d = 115 - 25 = 90 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta_2 = 20 = \frac{8 F_2 D^3 N}{G d^4} = \frac{8 F_2 \cdot (90)^3 \cdot 5}{G (25)^4}$$

$$F_2 = 0.268 G_1 \rightarrow \text{③}$$

$$F_1 + F_2 = F = 450 \times 10^3$$

$$\therefore G_1 = 479744 \text{ N}$$

from ②

$$0.67 G_1 + 0.268 G_1 = 450 \times 10^3$$

$$F_1 = 0.67 G_1 = 321428.48 \text{ Newton} = 321.4 \text{ KN}$$

from ③

$$F_2 = 0.268 G_1 = 128571.4 \text{ Newton} = 128.6 \text{ KN}$$

② Determine τ_1 & τ_2

outer

$$C = \frac{D}{d} = \frac{160}{40} = 4$$

$$K_1 = \frac{4C-1}{4C-4} + \frac{0.615}{C} = \frac{4 \times 4 - 1}{4 \times 4 - 4} + \frac{0.615}{4} = 1.4$$

$$\tau_1 = K_1 \frac{8 F_1 D_1}{\pi d_1^3} = 1.4 \times \frac{8 \times 321428.48 \times 160}{\pi (40)^3} = 2872.5 \text{ MPa}$$

inner

$$C = \frac{D}{d} = \frac{90}{25} = 3.6$$

$$K_2 = \frac{4C-1}{4C-4} + \frac{0.615}{C} = \frac{4 \times 3.6 - 1}{4 \times 3.6 - 4} + \frac{0.615}{3.6} = 1.46$$

$$\tau_2 = K_2 \frac{8 F_2 D_2}{\pi d_2^3} = 1.46 \times \frac{8 \times 128571.4 \times 90}{\pi (25)^3} = 2753.3 \text{ MPa}$$

No ⑤ 8 identical springs in parallel $G = 80 \text{ GPa}$

$W = 30 \text{ kN}$ $h = 1.2 \text{ m from rest}$ $\tau_{\text{max each}} = ??$

$d = 25 \text{ mm}$ $C = 6$ $N = 15 \text{ turns}$

Potential energy of elevator = total strain energy of 8 springs

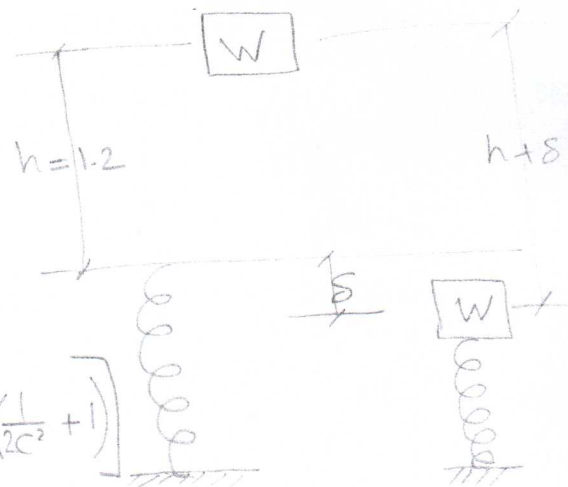
$$W \times (h + \delta) = 8 U$$

$$30 \times 10^3 \times (1.2 \times 10^3 + \frac{8 F D^3 N}{G d^4}) = 8 \left[\frac{4 F^2 D^3 N}{G d^4} \left(\frac{1}{2C^2} + 1 \right) \right] \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$C = \frac{D}{d} \therefore D = C d = 6 \times 25 = 150 \text{ mm}$$

$$\frac{8 D^3 N}{G d^4} = \frac{8 (150)^3 \times 15}{80 \times 10^3 \times (25)^4} = 0.01296$$

sub. in (1)



$$3.6 \times 10^7 + 30 \times 10^3 \times 0.01296 F = 4 \times 0.01296 F^2 \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 36} + 1 \right)$$

$$0.05184 F^2 - 388.8 F - 3.6 \times 10^7 = 0$$

$$F = \frac{+388.8 \pm \sqrt{(-388.8)^2 + 4 \times 0.05184 \times 3.6 \times 10^7}}{2 \times 0.05184}$$

$$F = \frac{388.8}{2 \times 0.05184} \pm 26617.8 \quad \checkmark \quad F = 30367.8 \text{ Newton}$$

$$\times \quad F = -22867.8 \text{ Newton}$$

$$\therefore F_{\text{each max}} = 30367.8 \text{ Newton}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_{\text{max each}} &= K \frac{8FD}{\pi d^3} \\ &= 1.2525 \times \frac{8 \times 30367.8 \times 150}{\pi (25)^3} \\ &= 929.83 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K &= \frac{4C-1}{4C-4} + \frac{0.615}{C} \\ &= \frac{4 \times 6-1}{4 \times 6-4} + \frac{0.615}{6} \\ &= 1.2525 \end{aligned}$$