|  | Alexandria Higher Institute of Engineering \& Technology (AIET) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Departments |  |  | $0^{\text {th }}$ Year |
|  | ME002 | Mechanics II |  | ugust, 29, 2011 |
|  | Examiners: | Dr. Rola Afify and committee |  | Time: 3 hours |

## Answer the following questions:

 Question one ( 12 marks)A particle moves along a horizontal path with a velocity of $v=\left(3 t^{2}-6 t\right) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$, where $t$ is the time is seconds. If it is initially located at the origin $O$, determine the distance traveled in 3.5 s , and the particle's average velocity and average speed during the time interval.

## Question two (12 marks)

a) Derive the Cartesian equation for a projectile.
b) The snowmobile is traveling at $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ when it leaves the embankment at $A$. Determine the time of flight from A to B and the range R of the trajectory.

## Question three ( 12 marks)

The driver attempts to tow the crate using a rope that has a tensile strength of 1 kN . If the crate is originally at rest and has a mass of 250 kg , determine the greatest acceleration it can have if the coefficient of static friction between the crate and the road
 is $\mu_{s}=0.4$, and the coefficient of kinetic friction is $\mu_{k}=0.3$.

## Question Four ( 12 marks)

A motor gives disk A an angular acceleration of $\alpha_{A}=0.6 t^{2}+0.75 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, where t is in seconds. If the initial angular velocity of the disk is $\omega_{o}=6 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$, determine the magnitudes of the velocity and acceleration of block $B$ when $t=2 s$.


## Question Five (12 marks)

Determine the velocity of the slider block $C$ at the instant $\theta=45^{\circ}$, If the link AB is rotating at $4 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$.


